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RefractON GmbH | Am Bauhof 17 - 21 | 32657 Lemgo | GERMANY

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT

1.1 Product :

Commercial Name: Silica fiber wool

1.2 Use of the product

Non inflammable silica fiber wool suitable for thermal insulation, heat shields, gaskets and expansion joints in industrial furnaces, kilns. Boilers and other equipment.

1.3 Company Name

- 1.31 Manufacturer RefractON Am Bauhof 17 – 21, 32657 Lemgo | GERMANY
- 1.3.2 Contacts Mr. Jan Obermowe Tel: +49 5261 2507 711

1.4 Emergency phone number

MB: +49 173 2525870

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Mix classification:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Not applicable

2.2. Labelling elements

Not applicable. According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Mild mechanical irritation to skin, eyes and upper respiratory system may result from exposure. These effects are usually temporary

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Product :

Silica product, Alumina Oxide, Silica Oxide, Calcium Oxide, Magnesium Oxide and other non hazardous Oxides. 3.2. Composition: The Article does not contain any substances to be listed according to the criteria of section 3.2 of Annex II of REACH

* CAS definition: Alkaline earth silicate (AES) consisting of silica (50-82 wt%), calcium and magnesia (18-43 wt%), alumina, titania and zirconia (less than 6 wt%), and trace oxides.

None of the components are radioactive under the terms of European Directive Euratom 96/29.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

4.1.1 Inhalation

Ventilate the room. Remove immediately the patient from the contaminated place and keep him at rest in a well aired place. Drink water and blow the nose. If uneasiness persist seek medical advice.

4.1.2 Contact with skin:

Rinse with fresh water for at least 15 minutes. In case of irritation seek medical advice.



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4.1.3 Contact with eyes:

Rinse with fresh water for at least 15 minutes. In case of irritation seek medical advice. 4.1.4 After accidental significant ingestion :

In case of ingestion rinse mouth with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

4.2. Principal acute and delayed symptoms:

Not applicable

4.3. Indication of the need of seeking immediate medical advice and special treatments :

On the base on the exposure level periodical medical advice is recommended. Accidental contact is to be intended under dust form .

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishment equipment

In case of fire of the surrounding area all extinguishing equipment can be used.

5.2 Hazards arising from the mix

Product non inflammable and not explosive.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 6.

6.1 Personal precautions, personal protection equipment and emergency procedures:

Clean using protection goggles and anti dust masks (see also point 8.2.1)

6.2 Ecological information :

Avoid flushing into drains or water streams. Should this happen please advise competent authorities.

6.3 Methods and materials for retaining and reclamation :

Avoid raising of dust by wetting the floor before dusting. Do not use compressed air.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling :

7.1.1 Recommendations

Avoid a contact and inhalation of dusts. Handling has to be done, as much as possible, using aspiration system with filters. See point 8.

7.1.2 General Recommendations on professional hygiene

Do not eat or drink during work.

7.2 Conditions for a safe storage and possible incompatibility:

No particular condition needed. See point 10.

Storing Conditions: no limit for quantities when storing material.

Indication for stocking place: well aired and dry room, repaired from rain.

EXPOSURE CONTROL AND PERSONNEL PROTECTION 8.

8.1 Control parameters:

Exposure limits of contained substances :

*TLV TWA: 3 mg/m3 (ACGIH 2010) breathable product dust

*TLV TWA: 0.025 mg/m3 (ACGIH 2010) QUARTZ breathable dust

*TLV TWA: 0.025 mg/m3 (ACGIH 2010) CRISTOBALITE breathable dust

*weighted average on breathable dust in 8 working hours

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Suitable technical controls

All protection recommendations are to be intended exclusively on direct exposure of workers to mix breathable dusts.

Possible environmental controls on breathable air will allow to adopt suitable work precautions measures..

It is good to review work processes in order to analyze the real fonts of exposure to vapors.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures





8.2.2.1 Eye protection:

Not necessary during normal use. However work according to good working rules and wear safety goggles when it is possible to get in contact with fine dusts made by processing of the product.

8.2.2.2 Skin protection:

No particular precaution is needed during normal use. It is however advised to have a good personal and working clothes hygiene.

8.2.2.3 Respiratory protection:

Use respiratory protection in case of air dusts .

In case of concentration below the limit value no protection is compulsory but a type FFP2 mask could be proposed to be used on voluntary basis.

8.2.2.4 Hand Protection:

Where necessary use work gloves if in direct contact with dusts.

8.3 Environmental exposure controls

Avoid product to be released in the environment

9. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

9.1 Information on physical and chemical characteristics :

Appearance	White fiber wool
Odor	None
Oxidizing properties	Non applicable
Melting point	> 1300 °C
Boiling point	Non applicable
Inflammable point	Non applicable
Explosive properties	Non applicable
Density	50 – 260 kg/m ³
Solubility	Less than 1 mg/l

9.2 Other information

No other data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Silica fiber wool is a stable product and non reactive

10.2 Chemical stability

N.A.

10.3 Possibility of dangerous reactions

N.A.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

N.A.

10.5 non compatible materials

N.A.

10.5 Decomposition dangerous products

Upon heating above 900°C for sustained periods, this amorphous material begins to transform to mixtures of crystalline phases.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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11.1 Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Acute Toxicity

Exposure is predominantly by inhalation or ingestion. Man made vitreous fibres of a similar size to AES have not been shown to migrate from the lung and/or gut and do not become located in other organs of the body. Fibres contained in the products listed in the title have been designed to be rapidly cleared from lung tissue. This low biopersistence has been confirmed in many studies on AES using EU protocol ECB/TM/27(rev 7). When inhaled, even at very high doses, they do not accumulate to any level capable of producing a serious adverse biological effect.

11.2 Information On Toxicological Effects:

In lifetime chronic studies there was no exposure-related effect more than would be seen with any "inert" dust. Subchronic studies at the highest doses achievable produced at worst a transient mild inflammatory response. Fibres

with the same ability to persist in tissue do not produce tumours when injected into the peritoneal cavity of rats. AES Biowool fibres are negative when tested using approved methods. Like all man-made mineral fibres and some natural fibres, fibres contained in this product can produce a mild mechanical irritation resulting in temporary itching or rarely, in some sensitive individuals, in a slight temporary reddening. Unlike other irritant reactions this is not the result of allergy or chemical skin damage but is caused by mechanical effects. These materials have been designed to allow rapid clearance from lung tissue. And this low biopersistence has been confirmed in many studies on AES using EU

protocol ECB/TM/27(rev 7)

12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

These products are inert materials that remain stable overtime and are chemically identical to inorganic compounds found in the soil and sediment; they remain inert in the natural environment. No adverse effects of this material on the environment are anticipated.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION 13.

13.1 Waste disposal methods

Waste from these materials may be generally disposed off at a landfill, which has been licensed for this purpose. Please refer to the European list (Decision N° 2000/532/CE as modified) to identify your appropriate waste number, and insure national and/or regional regulations are complied with. Taking into account any possible contamination during use, expert guidance should be sought. Unless wetted, such a waste is normally dusty and so should be properly sealed in containers for disposal. At some authorised disposal sites, dusty waste may be treated differently in order to ensure they are dealt with promptly to avoid them being windblown. Check for any national and/or regional

regulations, which may apply.

Additional information:

When disposing of waste and assigning European Waste Code (EWC) any possible contamination during use will need to be considered and expert guidance sought as necessary.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

Not classified as dangerous goods under relevant international transport regulations (ADR, RID, IATA, IMDG). Ensure that dust is not windblown during transportation.

Definitions:

ADR Transport by road, council directive 94/55/EC.

IMDG Regulations relating to transport by sea.

Transport by rail, Council Directive 96/49/EC. RID

ICAO/IATA Regulations relating to transport by air.

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. ADN

RULE INFORMATION 15.

15.1 Rules and Laws on health, safety and environment specific for the article

EU Regulations:





The fibre contained in this product is a mineral wool belonging to the group of "man-made vitreous (silicate) fibres with random orientation with alkaline earth oxide (Na2O+K2O+CaO+MgO+BaO) content greater to 18% by weight". Under criteria listed fibres contained in the products are exonerated from carcinogen classification because of low pulmonary biopersistence measured by the methods specified in European Union and German regulations (EU protocol ECBT/TM/27(rev 7).

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 dated 18th December 2006 on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 dated 20th January 2009 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (OJ L 353). Under 1.1.3.1. (Nota Q) of Annex VI of regulation (EC) 1272/2008 the classification as a carcinogen 2 needs not to be applied on the basis of short term biopersistence test by intratracheal installation showing a half life of less than 40 days for fibres longer than 20 μ m. 1st Adaptation of Technical Progress of regulation (EC) N°1272/2008 of 10 August 2009 has removed skin irritancy classification for man-made vitreous (silicate) wools.

Fibres contained in this product are therefore free of any classification and do not require labelling under CLP regulation.

15.2 Chemical security evaluation N.A.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This Safety data sheet was subject to amendments to comply to new dispositions of Reach Rule n.1272/2008 and modifications of Reach Regulation Reach 1907/2006 on writing of this document.

NOTICE:

The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of

this Material Safety Data Sheet. However, no warranty or representation, express or implied, is made as to the

accuracy or completeness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied

to practice any patented invention without a license. In addition, no responsibility can be assumed by the vendor

for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices, or

from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product.

